

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, April 15, 1867.

THE LEGISLATURE ADJOURNED.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania adjourned sine die on Thursday last—for which God be praised!

It seems to be generally conceded that a more corrupt body never before assembled at Harrisburg. Whilst an honest few returned to their constituents unharmed by any base barter of their integrity, many left the State Capital with pockets well lined with "greenbacks," the price of bribery and the fruit of their shame. The former are entitled to respect—the latter to scorn.

In the reported proceedings of the Senate on Thursday, we notice that the House Free Railroad bill was defeated. The bill to allow 7 per cent. interest was defeated.

The Border Damage bill was defeated. Of what account is McCaughy's?

The law allowing a pension of \$40 to old soldiers of the war of 1812, was repealed.

Speaker Hall retiring, Senator Graham, of Pittsburg, was elected Speaker. Graham 21, Wallace 11 votes.

The House concurred in the Appropriation bill.

Gold watches, silver sets, canes, &c., &c., were presented to the Speakers and Clerks, when both Houses finally adjourned. Happy ride home!

WAR THREATENED IN EUROPE.

The news from Europe is of a very warlike character. The state of feeling in France and Prussia leads to the apprehension that peace cannot be much longer maintained between them, and quite a panic has been caused throughout Europe in consequence.

Count Bismarck, of Prussia, is using all his efforts to concentrate Central Europe, with a view to hurrying it against France—whilst the latter is negotiating with Holland for the purchase of Luxembourg, a fortified town on the frontier nearest Prussia and well located for French operations against that country. In addition, Napoleon is endeavoring to use the Eastern question in such a manner as to separate England and Russia, and make those powers strictly neutral in the event of a rupture between France and Prussia.

The rapid progress of Prussia under Bismarck's management has aroused the jealousy of France, and it is apprehended that Napoleon will resort to a war policy to maintain his position among the powers of Europe. The "opening gun" may be heard at any moment.

With a gigantic war raging across the water, duty and interest should prompt this country to an immediate settlement of all national difficulties—to the encouragement of kindly feelings, with restored industry and progress, everywhere—so that we may escape with trifling damage from a calamity which must necessarily involve all Europe.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END.

The glorious result of the Connecticut election has sent a thrill of joy into every patriotic heart in the country. For six long years the people have groaned under the burdens imposed upon them through the abuses and usurpations of the Republican party. The Radical leaders have kept steadily advancing, step by step, in their work of destruction and revolution, until the constitutional government established by our ancestors exists only in name, whilst its vital principles have been overthrown.

Invidious and artful has this work been carried on, that the people were systematically deceived by false promises and pledges. They seemed bound by a charm from which it appeared impossible to arouse them. The good and patriotic of the land had begun to despair of the Republic, and were preparing their minds to receive in silent sadness the imperialism which succeeded the ancient Roman Republic, or the anarchy of the so-called Republic of Mexico. But the delusion which has held the people spell-bound hitherto, is at last broken. Light breaks from the East. The result of the election in Connecticut shows that the people are at last beginning to awake to the true condition of the country. It is indicative of that reaction in the public sentiment of the country which is destined, ere long, to sweep the Radical party from power. It is the "beginning of the end" of that political revolution which we confidently believe will yet bring back the administration of the government to the ancient landmarks of the Constitution.

A PANIC IN THE RADICAL PARTY.

The more sensible of the Radical editors are becoming alarmed. The Philadelphia North American says that the Radical majority in Congress "has been pushing along the car of national progress a little too fast for some of the party."

The Providence (Rhode Island) Journal states the case more nearly when it declares that the party "cannot endure everything which ambitious and extreme men may undertake to accomplish in its name;" that the schemes now fostered by the Radical leaders "are mischievous enough to ruin any party;" that if "improvement is successful 'tis easy enough to see that the Republican party is ruined;" that forcing negro suffrage upon the States is "beyond the power of Congress and will be exceedingly injurious to the continuance of the party's power."

The Springfield (Massachusetts) Republican talks in the same strain. These journals see that their leaders will ruin the party. They see the defeat of Radicalism in one of its strongholds, Connecticut. The handwriting on the wall produces a panic in the party. The cry of the leading Radical journals of New England now is, that the party has "gone too far."

It is quite possible that this going "too far" may be followed by a repentance that comes too late, and that the people may take the view of a Western Judge, who "terribly says," "Repentance at the eleventh hour may do; but a man that comes in at half-past twelve."

IN THE TIME TURNING?

The N. Y. World says:—A month since, when the town elections were holding in this State, we ventured to suggest that the tide was turning, and that there were signs that the race of Radicalism was nearly run. The idea was derided by the Radical journals. When the returns of the New Hampshire election were received, showing a reduction of the Radical majority of 4,656 in 1865, to 2,936 in 1867, and an increase in the Democratic vote of 2,352 to 618 in the Republican vote, these journals affected to smile at the figures, and the Albany Evening Journal went so far as to say that the Republicans could afford to lose a few hundred votes in New Hampshire so long as they did not lose the election. But the tide moved on, and on the 1st of April the Democrats of Connecticut elected their candidates for State officers and three out of the four Congressmen and materially reduced the Republican majority in both branches of the Legislature. Fortwith the Republican papers which, previous to this election, had urged the importance of a Republican victory, suddenly declared that the defeat of their party was not much of a shower after all, and began to prate of the political issues to be made in the future. Since the receipt of the good news from Connecticut, intelligence has been received of a general election in Michigan and of several charter elections in the West, which, to say the least, is not calculated to afford any great quantity of comfort to the Radicals. The Detroit Free Press says:

It is evident that a reaction has set in in Michigan that will ere long enable our agents, as in the case of the gallant State of Connecticut, to chronicle a complete victory. Everywhere the prospect brightens. Large gains have been made throughout the State, and the official returns will show a very large reduction of the heavy Republican majority of last fall.

Local elections were held in Ohio on Tuesday, the results of which appear to be favorable to the Democracy. The Radical papers lay great stress on the election in Cincinnati of the Republican candidate for Mayor by a majority of 4,400, which is a Radical gain of about 1,000; but the total vote polled was only four-fifths of that cast at the last election.

They, however, are particular not to call attention to the fact that the Democrats elected fifteen Councilmen, while the Republicans elected but fourteen, which plainly shows that the large majority obtained by the candidate for Mayor was due to some other cause than merely his party connection. In Columbus, Ohio, the Democrats re-elected their candidate for Mayor by a majority of 5,057, and also twelve of the eighteen Councilmen chosen. Other places from which returns have come to hand are Circleville, Toledo and Dayton, in each of which the Republicans retained their supremacy, though in Dayton the Democrats gained two Councilmen. But what is of still greater significance is the fact that in Cleveland the Democratic candidate for Mayor was elected by 500 majority, and the Democrats gained two members of the City Council. This is the first time in six years that Cleveland has had a Democratic Mayor, and the increase in the Democratic vote as compared with that of last year reaches the handsome figure of 1,300.

Besides the elections mentioned above, we have returns of a number of local elections held this week, nearly every one of which speaks well for the Democracy. Rome, in this State, which gave 391 majority for Hoffman last November, has just elected a Democratic President by 500 majority, and six out of nine town trustees. In Madison, Wisconsin, the Democrats elected their candidate for Mayor by 260 majority, and nine out of the twelve Aldermen chosen. Milwaukee also was carried by the Democrats by a majority of 1,600, concerning which a despatch to the Chicago Times says:

The vote polled was a heavy one, and everywhere large Democratic gains are noticed. The Democrats are rejoicing, and the Radicals are despondent.

The Republicans carried Indianapolis by 424 majority, which is a Democratic gain over the election last spring of 753, and the despatch adds: "The returns are meagre, but indicate Democratic gains in all the localities heard from."

St. Paul, according to a brief despatch, was carried by the Democrats by a majority of about 1,000, but we have not the figures at hand to show to which party a gain is to be attributed. But the unkindest cut of all to the Radical party is the result of the election in the home and final resting-place of that great and good man who, according to the Tribune, could never feel grateful enough to General Rosecrans for "throwing all the weight of his name and fame against the copperheads." In this same Springfield, Illinois, on Tuesday last, the Democrats elected their entire ticket by a handsome majority, and this in the face of the fact that the city was carried by the Radicals last fall by a majority of 130.

We see not how any unprejudiced person can peruse these returns and not see in them the turning of the tide against Radicalism. Not that the Democrats have swept everything before them, nor that we have given returns from every place in which elections have been held during this week, but that many cities and towns which previously gave large Radical majorities have either reduced those majorities or wiped them out altogether. The movement in New Hampshire was but a ripple, perhaps, but it proves to have presaged the tide which subsequently swept over Connecticut, and is slowly but surely moving across the country.

Railroad agents still exercise the right they always had of assigning their white passengers to such cars as they deem proper. They, as heretofore, refuse to permit a white man to enter the ladies' car unless he is accompanied by a lady. The new law only applies to negroes. They can select any car and any seat they please, without fear of molestation. They are the only privileged class. We make this statement for the information of the public.

Now and Then.—When Christ was on earth, He taught the people to believe the truth because it was the truth, and to do right because it was right. Now we are taught to believe in multilateralism because the Radicals control the government, and to love every yelping sponser, public-plunderer and constitutional-biter, because Radical fanaticism screens them. What evil has not Radicalism brought upon the country!

MORE VICTORIES!

Day Breaking Everywhere!

The Democrats and Conservatives of Hagerstown, Md., on Monday, covered themselves with glory. At the municipal election, for the first time since the incorporation of the town, they elected their entire ticket, for Town Council, by an average majority of forty-seven, over the Loyal Leaguers and Radical Disunionists.

At the charter election, on the 8th instant, the Democracy of Albany, New York, elected their whole city ticket by from 1,600 to 1,700 majority—a gain since last fall of from 1,100 to 1,200. Hoffman's majority last fall was 533. The ground-swell appears to be coming—even negro suffrage won't save the Radical party.

The Democracy of Lockport, New York, on the 8th, elected James Jackson as mayor and their whole city ticket, by a majority of 270—a gain of 377 since last fall when Fenton, Radical, had 107 majority. Good!

Trenton, New Jersey, also went gloriously Democratic on Monday. The Democratic candidate for Mayor was elected, as was the whole Democratic ticket.

The Democracy of New Brunswick, New Jersey, elected their mayor on the 8th instant by 160 majority, (a gain of 201 since last fall), and four aldermen out of six—giving them a majority in the city council. They also elected three freeholders, which gives them a majority of the Board of Middlesex county.

The Democrats carried Hartford, Conn., on Monday, by a majority of 600—a gain of 130 since Monday week. That's piling it up!

True.—The Union Sentinel, of Trenton, mourning over the Radical defeat in Connecticut, says:

"The causes of this defeat are palpable upon the surface, and we shall allude to them next week. In the meantime New Jersey is rapidly going to the devil on the same track, and unless the Republican leaders open their stupid eyes to the danger in time, the party will be past insurance."

In New Jersey the legislators are not yet prepared to force negro suffrage upon the people. In the House of Representatives of that State, on Wednesday, on the question to strike from the Constitution the word "white," to allow colored people to vote, the vote stood twenty in favor to thirty-five against striking it out. Thirteen Republicans voted against it. The Connecticut election is bearing fruits in all portions of the Union.

Importance of a Vote.—The New Haven Register says that Mr. Logan, the Democratic candidate in the Sixteenth Senatorial District of Connecticut, is defeated by four votes; and this gives the Senate to the Republicans by one majority.

A negro named Williams, who served in the Federal army from Pennsylvania, addressed a public meeting at Nashville, Tennessee, on the 1st inst. He took the ground that the owners of the soil and the laborers were identified in interest, and should co-operate for the good of each other and the country. He believed the Southern man to be the negro's best friend! What do the Radicals think of this?

A Convention to alter the Constitution in Maryland has carried by probably 10,000 majority. Baltimore city gives 2,079 majority for a Convention, and 1,702 in favor of running the cars on Sunday.

The Germantown Telegraph, a Radical newspaper, thus speaks of the Pennsylvania Legislature: "Their labors are a burlesque on legislation and a common disgrace, and to demand \$1500 apiece for doing it caps the climax." Plain talk, but true.

Mexican intelligence, from a source more than ordinarily reliable, has been received at Washington, to the effect that the Liberal forces have Maximilian so closely pressed that they are confident of capturing him, and when captured they seriously threaten to hang him at once. Representations to this effect having been made to this government, Secretary Seward has written a letter declaring that while this government has never for a moment countenanced the attempt at an empire in Mexico, it hopes that if Maximilian is captured he will simply be treated as a prisoner of war, and the letter got in the way of a protest, but it includes diplomatically in that direction.

Now that Mrs. Surratt has been declared by the highest Radical authority innocent of the crime for which she was hanged, what preparation will her murderers make her broken-hearted orphan daughter? They should at least give up the body of their victim to her friends for interment.

Jo. Wood (one of Fletcher's notorious militia) of Pettis county, went into the saloon of an inoffensive citizen of Sedalia, Mo., last day, and commenced knocking down persons. The proprietor asked him to desist or leave the saloon. Wood then left, but shortly after returned and shot the saloon keeper in the back, killing him almost instantly. He then walked the street and defied arrest; the people assembled, took him, put a rope around his neck and hung him until he was dead.

Not Guilty.—The case of the State vs. Shriver on the charge of stealing a horse whilst in the Confederate service, removed from Carroll County, was tried last week in this city and a verdict of "Not Guilty" was rendered.—Frederick Union.

The treaty by which Russian-America is to be ceded to the United States has been ratified by the Senate, there having been only two votes against it. The price to be paid is \$7,200,000.

A letter from New Orleans says: "On Mardi Gras, one of the masqueraders wore a dress the epaulettes of which were made of spoons. As he passed by the people seeing the spoons, even the negroes, too, shouted 'Butler,' 'Butler.'"

The town of De Soto, opposite Vicksburg, on the Mississippi river, was suddenly inundated, a few days since, and from 80 to 100 negroes were drowned. The population was exclusively negro.

The people of Charleston and Savannah are indulging in ripe and luscious strawberries.

Williamsport, April 11.—The extensive mill recently erected in this vicinity for sawing black marble, was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is heavy.

The Republican State Convention will be held at Williamsport on the 24th day of June.

COUNTY AND TOWN AFFAIRS.

Court.—April Court will commence to-day. We expect the towns to wear an unusually lively appearance for the few first days of the week, at least.

School Orders and School Statements for sale at this office.

We are now better prepared than ever to do Job Printing—from the most delicate card up to the boldest poster—Call and see specimens.

DEATH OF THE EDITOR OF THE STAR.—Death has invaded the Editorial circle of Gettysburg. John T. Mollhenny, Esq., of the Star, died last evening, after several weeks' illness, of disease of the heart. With the dead bury all their faults, that their virtues only may live after them.

Funeral at 2 o'clock to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon.

Philip A. Myers has been appointed Postmaster at New Chester, in place of John A. Snowden, resigned. The office has been removed to the store of Myers & Bough.

The fine weather last week enabled housekeepers to "make garden" and farmers to sow oats. There was considerable industry manifested in both.

Samuel Herbst has sold a house and lot on Carlisle street, to Lewis Stube, for \$1,500.

Peter Bittler has purchased a one-story brick house, with lot on York street, from Nicholas Codori, at \$1,400.

Nicholas Codori has purchased the property of George H. Swope, on York street, at \$3,800.

George Stallsmith has purchased two lots of ground, on the corner of York and Liberty streets, from Henry Culp, P., at \$600. It is Mr. Stallsmith's intention to build immediately, we are told.

Samuel Herbst has purchased 2 acres of land, on the Long Lane, from Rev. J. K. Miller and David Ziegler, Jr., at \$1,800—8 acres of it at \$125 per acre.

Yesterday was Palm Sunday, commemorative of the Savior entering Jerusalem when the multitude went forth to meet him and strewed palm branches in his way. This will be Holy Week, in which will be commemorated the Passion of the Savior. It is observed by the Catholic church, as well as by some Protestant denominations.

INTERNAL REVENUE.—Charles W. Ashcom, of Bedford, has been confirmed as Internal Revenue Collector for this district. We do not know him personally, but he is said to be a good man, notwithstanding he is on the wrong side in politics.

With Mr. McSherry as Assessor and Mr. Ashcom as Collector, the revenue machinery of the district is again in regular running order.

Mr. McSherry resides at Littlestown, this county, to which place all communications intended for him should be addressed. His appointment, by the way, is spoken of in terms of warm approbation throughout the entire district—as it deserves to be.

CLEAN UP.—We would advise our citizens generally to clean up their premises without delay. All the filth accumulated during the winter should be removed. The cellars should be carefully cleaned, aired and ventilated—not forgetting a coat of whitewash. Every precaution should be taken to render the sanitary condition of the town good. That terrible scourge, cholera, is still lurking in the country, and no effort should be spared to prevent its lodgment among us. We say again—clean up!

LARGE CROPS LOOKED FOR.—Those who pretend to be weatherwise predict that we will be blessed with heavy crops the ensuing season. It has been noticed that whenever a heavy fall of snow occurred about the time of full moon in February, large crops and an abundance of everything were sure to follow. We trust that in the present instance there will be no deviation from the custom. Rich and poor will be gratified to see large supplies the coming summer.

NEW STORE.—Ex-Sheriff Adam Rebert and Robert Elliott have opened a new Dry Goods Store, opposite the Court-house, in this place, and have themselves filled with a very choice stock of goods, of the latest and most approved styles. It is their intention to sell at the smallest possible figures, believing that "quick sales and small profits" are best for sellers as well as buyers. They ask the public to call and examine goods and prices, and will spare no effort to give full satisfaction, let the rush be as big as it may.

SAVE MONEY WHEN YOU CAN!—All who attend Court this week and want to save money, should not fail to call at the Store of Row & Woods, who are opening out their second supply of Spring Goods, embracing a splendid assortment of the latest styles of dress goods and domestics. Their corner continues to be the best place in Gettysburg for Hats and Shoes. If, therefore, you want a nice dress, a fashionable hat or stylish shoes, as "cheap as the cheapest," by all means go to Row & Woods.

Daniel M. Miller has opened a new Drug Store at New Oxford, in this county, with a large stock of fresh and good goods in his line. Daniel understands the business thoroughly, and will no doubt do a thriving business.

Dr. I. Elmer Cook, of this county, has located at Hanover, and offers his professional services to the public. See his card, with best of references, in another column.

In the Senate, the other day, McCaughy tried to get an appropriation of \$5,000 for his "Battle-field Memorial Association," but failed.

The fishing season has been fairly inaugurated on the Potomac, and shad and herring are said to be plenty. At Alexandria on Monday shad were selling at \$10 to \$12 per hundred, and herring at \$10 to \$14 per thousand.

On Thursday night the York Post-office was entered by burglars, who stole the safe out into the yard, and there blew it open, getting \$1,000 in post-office stamps and \$150 in money. No clue.

THE SHOW DRESSES.—Those ladies who have supposed that show dresses were coming into general use for home wear, will find that they have been much mistaken. In fact, they will not be worn much longer in the street, if we may believe the Home Journal, which says: "We have seen quite a number of short dresses worn at balls and parties, this season, and, to some, they are very becoming, especially when there is a pretty foot and ankle in the case, but, as a general thing, we do not admire them. For the street, as walking dresses, they are very appropriate, yet we have it from the highest authority that they are going out of fashion; that, in fact, their days are made short, it is true, but they just clear the ground. Ladies who have had handsome silks cut to suit the present fashion will be sorry to hear this, no doubt."

FAIR FOR FRUIT.—Our exchanges unite in declaring that extensive examinations in Western Pennsylvania show that the fruit has not been injured by the hard freezing of the winter. The same report is made from New Jersey. There is now every reason to hope that fruit will be abundant this year.

REVENUE LAW.—The Revenue Law, as amended, allows the taxpayer \$1000 instead of \$500, as heretofore. The tax on leather is reduced to two and a half per cent. Tax on clothing is repealed; also the tax on castings for machinery. Cast-iron hollow ware, pottery, and many other articles are also on the free list. Other material changes have been made. The new law went into effect on first of the present month.

Cough Medicines should be so compounded that they can be taken "little and often." It is the throat and chest, not the stomach, that is affected. This is one great secret of the success of Coe's Cough Balsam. Try it. All dealers sell it.

The Negro Experiment Worked Out in Jamaica.

British Parliament gave qualified negro suffrage to the negroes of Jamaica as long ago as 1831—and then removed the qualification by imposing a tax to a very small amount, so that any working negro could vote.

The experiment has worked so badly as to elicit the following remark from the British House of Commons:

"It is a somewhat remarkable coincidence that just at the time when the right of suffrage has been conferred upon the freedmen of the south, negroes of the most important of the British West India colonies should have been summarily deprived of that right."

The government of Jamaica has been handed over by the British government to a council appointed by the crown, and the Legislature of Jamaica is abolished (and all), and this, too, on the petition of the people of Jamaica, to be rid of the horrible position in which free negro suffrage has placed them all.—N. Y. Express.

If Geary should unfortunately occupy the executive mansion as long as Gov. Curtin, the building will assume the proportions and cost of a palace. Although the mansion is large enough and magnificent enough for any philosopher, patriot or sage, of ordinary stature, it seems to be entirely too small and mean for the enlarged proportions of one who, in former years, was well content to be domiciled in a two-story frame dwelling.

To meet the demands of his magnificence the Legislature has ordered an enlargement of the mansion and the addition of various ornamental splendors and luxuries. It is to be hoped the upholsterers will not be sparing of mirrors.

Patrol and Union.

Two young girls, aged fifteen and sixteen, attempted to commit suicide by self-destruction, New Jersey, on Wednesday morning, because the father of one of them insisted on their being separated.

An exchange tells a rather dubious story about a lady in Ohio, who, traveling in a railroad car, with one of her feet out of the window, had her leg torn off in crossing a bridge. It is a shame that a lady can't assume such a graceful attitude while traveling on the Ohio railroads without having her legs crushed in that way. Congress ought to send out a special committee and investigate the matter, for the first time they know of.

ENLARGEMENT.—We have about concluded to ENLARGE THE COMPILER—but not its price. There is only one obstacle in the way—the heavy cost of a new Power Press. This must be had, or the enlargement cannot be effected. But there is a mode of reaching it, and that is not a difficult one.

We have out-standing a considerable amount of money. With that in our pocket, the new Press could be bought. (It can be had only for the cash)—and the COMPILER would soon appear as one of the largest country papers in the State.

Come up, then, friends in arrears, to the work! Do so promptly—NOW—without a moment's unnecessary delay. Send in all you owe, with a little in advance, and as many new subscribers, with \$2 for each, as possible. Just place the requisite amount in our hands, and beside having credit on our books, it shall all be spent for your benefit in getting up a first class paper, in size as well as quality. Give us "A. H. P." fellow Democrats, and we shall certainly succeed. But it must be done at once, and by all in arrears.

Married.

On the 7th inst., in Greenville, by Rev. D. W. WOOD, Mr. W. H. ADAMS and Miss CATHARINE STALLSMITH.

On the 4th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage, Greenville, by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. JOSEPH BALDWIN to Miss MARY E. WILKINSON, both of this county.

Died.

On the 6th inst., in Highland township, SO. PHILIP M., wife of Isaac Potts, and daughter of Jacob Potts, in her 80th year.

On the 25th inst., in this place, JAMES WILLIAM O'NEAL, son of Henry and Catherine O'NEAL, aged 10 months and 25 days.

A canvasser of the Union proves that the most successful candidate for general favor ever placed before THE PEOPLE.

Is that pure and salubrious vegetable breather, CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, in defiance of rivalry and competition, it appeals TO THE PEOPLE!

All who desire to preserve the hair with the magnificent black or brown hues which nature has bestowed, or age upon age. Manufactured by CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

Free to Everybody.

A large lot of Shagreen giving information of the greatest improvement in the making of boots, shoes, and harnesses, made by the most skillful hands in the world, and the most durable and beautiful ever made, and the most comfortable and cheap. The young lady or gentleman should call for their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer 2, N. Y. March 4, 1867.

Special Notice Column.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

As a cathartic, it is the most effective, and its use is a sure remedy for all the ailments which are caused by a disordered state of the bowels, and which are attended with a variety of symptoms, such as constipation, flatulence, and a general feeling of uneasiness.

Do not neglect this invaluable medicine, because you have heard that it is a cathartic, and that it is a sure remedy for all the ailments which are caused by a disordered state of the bowels, and which are attended with a variety of symptoms, such as constipation, flatulence, and a general feeling of uneasiness.

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